This guide is for responders aiding victims reporting sexual assault.
Stay calm, respect the victim's rights, and convey the message that -- "professional resources that care about you and what you have gone through are needed and are available to help you."

Resources:

- The Victim's Unit Commander
- Military Law Enforcement/ Local Authorities (for emergencies, use 911)
- Military Treatment Facility www.tricare.osd.mil

 Army's Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Internet Resource www.sexualassault.army.mil

Confidential Resources*:

Chaplain's Office

For Military and their family members:

 Military One Source, CONUS (800) 655-4545, International Toll Free (dial all 11 numbers) (800) 3429-6477, and International Collect (484) 530-5947

All others, please contact:

■ Local Rape Crisis Center:

*Additional confidential resources include psychotherapists and legal assistance attorneys.

Aiding Victims of Sexual Assault



The Army's commitment to victims of sexual assault:

- Encouraging victims to report all incidents of sexual assault
- Ensuring victims are properly treated
- Ensuring medical and psychological needs are properly met
- Providing effective policies and programs
- Prosecuting all crimes to the full extent of the law
- Consideration of all issues related to the incident

Response Guidelines:

Remember, you are not law enforcement or a healthcare provider. You are a companion to support the victim in a critical time of need.

- Remain calm, support the victim, and show respect. Offer to stay as long as needed/possible but explain that professional help is needed (see Resources). Also, ask if there is someone you should call.
- If the victim is in need of urgent medical attention, call 911 and apply first aid.
- To protect evidence, ask the victim not to shower, change clothes, comb hair, brush teeth, put on make up, eat, or drink.
- Report the crime to law enforcement and the victim's commander. If the victim does not feel comfortable reporting the crime, suggest speaking with a counselor to discuss concerns

- and questions regarding the assault and reporting process. Call Military One Source 24hrs (see number in "Resources").
- Should the victim decide not to support the investigation, encourage him/her to seek medical attention due to potential injuries. This offers a safe and caring environment to discuss concerns (e.g., testing for STDs and birth control).
- Should the accused come to the same medical facility for forensics, take care to keep distance and help the victim feel safe.
- Refrain from asking for intimate details, making judgmental comments (e.g., "alleged" assault), promising to "get this person," and other similar statements. Instead, be a good listener and allow the victim to talk.

Crime Victims have the right to:

- Be treated with fairness and respect for one's dignity and privacy
- Be reasonably protected from the accused
- Be notified of court hearings
- Be present at public court hearings unless the court determines otherwise for fairness or other good cause
- Receive information regarding conviction, sentencing, imprisonment and release
- Confer with the attorney for the Government
- · Restitution, if appropriate